Step 6: Arrange a time for delivery to the President of the Senate's office.

Step 7: Arrange for two D.C. employees to drive to the Capitol. (Two staffers are required because parking restrictions require a driver and a delivery person.)

Step 8: Drive to the Capitol.

Step 9: Deliver the legislation to the Speaker's office and get a signed receipt.

Step 10: Deliver the legislation to the President of the Senate's office and get a signed receipt.

Step 11: Assign the congressional review period based on the receipts.

Step 12: File the signed receipts.

The aftermath of the January 6, 2021 attack on the Capitol highlighted the burdens of physical transmittal. After temporary fencing was installed around the Capitol, staff from the D.C. Council could not enter the Capitol, delaying the transmittal of legislation until Council staff and congressional staff developed a workaround. Council staff and congressional staff met outside the fencing so the Council staff could physically transmit the legislation.

Today, when we live in the era of e-mail, there is no reason to continue to require an increasingly ancient process, when these documents could be transmitted electronically instead, saving a tremendous amount of time and effort. I urge my colleagues to support this commonsense bill.

BERRYESSA SNOW MOUNTAIN NATIONAL MONUMENT EXPANSION ACT

HON. JOHN GARAMENDI

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Monday, January 10, 2022

Mr. GARAMENDI. Madam Speaker, today I introduce the "Berryessa Snow Mountain National Monument Expansion Act," with Congressman MIKE THOMPSON (D-CA05) as the original cosponsor. Our legislation would expand the National Monument to include approximately 3,925 acres of federal land in Lake County, California; create new co-management opportunities with federally recognized tribes; and rename Walker Ridge to "Molok Luyuk," meaning Condor Ridge in the Patwin language of Native Americans indigenous to the area. It is endorsed by the Lake County Board of Supervisors and the Tribal Council of the Yocha Dehe Wintun Nation.

In the 114th Congress, I championed bicameral legislation (H.R. 761/S. 393) to establish the Berryessa Snow Mountain National Monument, with then-Senator Barbara Boxer (D–CA) and Congressman THOMPSON. Our legislation would have included the Walker Ridge tract in Lake and Colusa Counties, California, administered by the federal Bureau of Land Management (BLM) within the National Monument's boundary.

In December 2014, Congressman THOMP-SON and I hosted then-Secretary of the Interior Sally Jewell at the Lake Berryessa reservoir, so she could view the landscape and hear from local community and tribal leaders about the need to permanently conserve this special place. Said Secretary Jewell at the time: "This is a beautiful area with cultural history and great opportunities for outdoor recreation and wildlife viewing so it's no surprise that the community wants to make sure that it is protected and passed on to the next generation." In July 2015, President Obama issued Presidential Proclamation 9298, designating the federal land surrounding Lake Berryessa administered by the BLM and U.S. Forest Service as the Berryessa Snow Mountain National Monument.

The "Berryessa Snow Mountain National Monument Expansion Act" would expand the existing National Monument boundary to include the Lake County portion of Walker Ridge, which the legislation renames to Condor Ridge (Molok Luyuk). This ridgeline is an extinct volcanic mountain range with an unusual "serpentine" soil composition supporting a trove of rare and beautiful plant species like the adobe lily (*Fritillaria pluriflora*) found only in this part of northern California. Other at-risk and protected animal species such as the bald eagle, golden eagle, and tule elk also make their home there.

Our legislation would not affect privately owned, state, tribal, or non-federal land. The federal land parcel proposed for inclusion within the National Monument does not include acreage of the BLM's Walker Ridge tract in Colusa County. Our legislation would also ensure that federally recognized tribes—whose ancestors called the National Monument home for millennia—have a meaningful role in the land stewardship of the National Monument. Finally, our legislation would direct the BLM and the Forest Service to complete the management plan for the National Monument, which has remained unfinished since 2015.

Madam Speaker, I encourage all Members of the California delegation to join us in cosponsoring this legislation to permanently conserve this special place in Lake County. We must protect this unique landscape for future generations to enjoy and honor the Native American peoples who walked this land well before our country was even founded.

RECOGNIZING THE LIFE OF SHERIFF JIMMY SIMMONS

HON. TRENT KELLY

OF MISSISSIPPI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, January 10, 2022

Mr. KELLY of Mississippi. Madam Speaker, I rise today to celebrate the life of Sheriff Jimmy Simmons of Houston, Mississippi who passed away on November 19, 2021 at the age of 75. I join his family, friends, and loved ones in mourning his loss.

Jimmy Simmons was born on March 18, 1946 to James Travis and Venita Buchanan Simmons. He was a member of the National Guard. He was known as a horse trader, also owning rodeo bulls, mules, tracking hounds, cow dogs and coon dogs. He was a law enforcement officer for 30 years and spent 24 as a sheriff of Chickasaw County. He was a dedicated member of Houlka First Baptist Church. He wished to be remembered for his humor and humility.

Left to cherish his memory are Liz Simmons, Annette Simmons, Chad Simmons, and many grandchildren and great grandchildren. I offer my most sincere condolences to the Chickasaw County community.

TRIBUTE TO BETTY WHITE

HON. ADAM B. SCHIFF

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, January 10, 2022

Mr. SCHIFF. Madam Speaker, I rise today to celebrate the life of Betty Marion White, renowned award-winning actress and animal welfare champion, of Los Angeles, California, who passed away on December 31, 2021, at the age of 99.

Betty was born on January 17, 1922 in Oak Park, Illinois. In 1923, she and her parents moved to Alhambra, California and later to Los Angeles, where she graduated from Beverly Hills High School, and made her professional acting debut at the Bliss Hayden Little Theatre in Beverly Hills.

Ms. White served in the American Women's Voluntary Services during World War II, and made her movie debut in Time to Kill, a film for servicemen about military educational programs. A dynamic radio personality, she appeared in shows such as the The Great Gildersleeve and Blondie, and had her own variety radio show, The Betty White Show. Moving into television, she co-hosted Hollywood on Television, a live television variety show, and later became co-producer and star of the show, Life With Elizabeth, which won her the first of many Emmy awards. Over her seventy-plus year career, she starred and appeared in numerous television shows-sitcoms, game shows, talk shows and soap operas, including the Betty White Show, What's My line, Password, The Love Boat, Maybe This Time, Boston Legal, Hot in Cleveland, The Bold and the Beautiful, and Saturday Night Live, in addition to films such as Lake Placid, The Proposal and the 2018 documentary about her career, First Lady of Television. Ms. White was best known for her two signature roles as the conniving Sue Ann Nivens in the popular Mary Tyler Moore Show and the naive Rose Nylund in the enormously successful The Golden Girls television series.

I came to know Betty through her love of animals, and she was a tireless animal welfare advocate, author, donor, and spokeswoman. She worked with and supported many organizations such as the African Wildlife Foundation, Actors and Others for Animals and the Morris Animal Foundation, serving as president and trustee, and she produced as well as hosted the syndicated series, The Pet Set. which highlighted celebrities and their pets. It was her involvement with the Greater Los Angeles Zoo Association (GLAZA), the support group for the Los Angeles Zoo, that was near and dear to her heart, and spanned more than fifty years, beginning at the zoo's opening in 1966. One of her major projects was to produce, write and star in Backstage at the Zoo, a television special that aired in 1974, with famous friends Mary Tyler Moore, Jimmy Stewart, L.A. Mayor Tom Bradley and others making appearances. This was significant, as the special raised awareness of the zoo, brought the zoo into the homes of many Angelenos, emphasized the zoo's outstanding animal care team and showcased the behindthe-scenes work. Since 1974, Ms. White has continuously served on the Board of Trustees for GLAZA, stepping away for several years to become an inaugural member of the Board of Zoo Commissioners, where she served for